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The Living Environment's Happiness of Residents in Da Nang City, Vietnam

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ABSTRACT This study aimed to explore the happiness in the living environment, and well-being of residents of Da Nang city, Vietnam. There are six key dimensions of air environment quality, water environment quality, soil environmental quality, natural landscape and biodiversity, safe security and social service. This research on 1790 residents show that there were no significant gender disparities in the happiness derived from the living environment across all dimensions. The participants reported high levels of satisfaction with air environment quality and water environment quality, more than other items. Education level played a significant role, with postgraduate graduates exhibiting greater satisfaction levels in air, water, and soil environmental quality, natural landscape and biodiversity, safe security, and social services compared to individuals with lower levels of education. These findings imply that efforts to enhance well-being in DaNang should be customised for various age demographics and underscore the advantages of higher education.